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## **WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for treating cancer susceptible to treatment in a warm-blooded animal comprising administering to the warm-blooded animal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the following formula A-1:

wherein,

R is  $-COOR_1$ ,  $-COOR_1R_2$ ,  $-OCOR_1$  or  $-NHCOR_1$ ;

R<sub>1</sub> is alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkenyl, haloalkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenylamino, substituted or unsubstituted benzyl, alkoxyalkyl, poly(alkoxy)alkyl, hydroxyalkoxyalkyl, hydroxypoly(alkoxy)alkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, halopoly(alkoxy)alkyl, or aminoalkyl; and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl.

- 2. A method according to claim 1 which is in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt 20 thereof.
  - 3. A method according to claim 2 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable salt is hydrochloride salt.

A method according to claim 1 which is in the form of a prodrug thereof.

5. A method according to claim 1, which is in the form of a liposome delivery system.

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- 6. A method according to claim 1 wherein R is -OCOR<sub>1</sub>.
- 7. A method according to claim 6 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is alkyl or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl.
- 5 8. A method according to claim 1 wherein said compound is micronized and is suitable for administering to said warm-blooded animal by injection.
  - 9. A method according to claim 1 wherein said compound is administered in an amount of from 10 mg/kg body weight to 10,000 mg/kg body weight.
  - 10. A method according to claim 1 wherein said compound is administered orally, enterically, intravenously, peritoneally, or by injection.
  - 11. A method according to claim 1 wherein said compound is administered in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
    - 12. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is a carcinoma.
  - 13. A method according to claim. I wherein said cancer is leukemia.

14. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is melanoma.

- 15. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is colon cancer.
- 25 16. A method according to claim 1/wherein said cancer is breast cancer.
  - 17. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is lung cancer.
  - 18. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is pancreatic cancer.
  - 19. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is ovarian cancer.
  - 20. A method according to claim 1 wherein said cancer is prostate cancer.

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21. A method for treating cancer susceptible to treatment in a warm-blooded animal comprising administering to the warm-blooded animal a therapeutically enhanced amount of a compound of the following formula A-1:

wherein,

R is  $-COOR_1$ ,  $-CONR_1R_2$ ,  $-OCOR_1$  or  $-NHCOR_1$ ;

R<sub>1</sub> is alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkenyl, haloalkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenylamino, substituted or unsubstituted benzyl, alkoxyalkyl, poly(alkoxy)alkyl, hydroxyalkoxyalkyl, hydroxypoly(alkoxy)alkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, halopoly(alkoxy)alkyl, or aminoalkyl; and

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl; and a therapeutically effective amount of a chemotherapeutic agent.

- 22. A method according to claim 21 which further comprises administering a potentiator.
- 20 23. A method for treating a viral infection in a warm-blooded animal comprising administering to the warm-blooded animal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the following formula A-1:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R \\
N \\
N \\
H
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
N \\
A-1
\end{array}$$

wherein,

R is  $-COOR_1$ ,  $-CONR_1R_2$ ,  $-OCOR_1$  or  $-NHCOR_1$ ;

R<sub>1</sub> is alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkenyl, haloalkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenylamino, substituted or unsubstituted benzyl, alkoxyalkyl, poly(alkoxy)alkyl, hydroxyalkoxyalkyl, hydroxypoly(alkoxy)alkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, halopoly(alkoxy)alkyl, or aminoalkyl; and

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl.

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